

# CBCS SCHEME

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18EC55

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021

## Electromagnetic Waves

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Point charges of  $50\text{nc}$  each are located at  $A(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $B(-1, 0, 0)$ ,  $C(0, 1, 0)$  and  $D(0, -1, 0)$ . Determine the total force on the charge at A. Also, find  $\vec{E}$  at 'A'. (07 Marks)
- b. Two point charges,  $5\mu\text{C}$  and  $-3\mu\text{C}$  are placed along a straight line  $10\text{m}$  apart. Determine the location of third charge,  $4\mu\text{C}$  such that it is subjected to no force. (07 Marks)
- c. Derive an expression for electric field intensity at a point due to an infinite sheet charge,  $\rho_s \text{ C/m}^2$ . Compare the nature of this field with that of infinite line charge. (06 Marks)
- 2 a. Given the two points  $C(-3, 2, 1)$  and  $D(5, 20^\circ, -70^\circ)$ , find the spherical coordinates of 'C' and Cartesian coordinates of 'D'. Also find the distance from 'C' to 'D'. (07 Marks)
- b. A uniform line charge, infinite in extent, with the density  $34\text{nc/m}$  is located at  $x = -3\text{m}$  and  $z = 5\text{m}$  in free space. Find  $\vec{E}$  at  $P(1, 12, 4)\text{m}$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Find the total charge within each of the indicated volume :  
 i)  $0 \leq \rho \leq 0.1$ ,  $0 \leq \phi \leq \pi$ ,  $2 \leq z \leq 4$  and  $\rho_v = \rho^2 z^2 \sin(0.6\phi)$   
 ii) Universe :  $\rho_v = \frac{e^{-2r}}{r^2}$ . (06 Marks)
- 3 a. A cube of side  $2\text{m}$  is centred at the origin with edges parallel to the coordinate axes of the rectangular coordinate system. If  $\vec{D} = 10 \frac{x^3}{3} \hat{a}_x, \text{C/m}^2$ , find the volume charge density. Also, find the total charge enclosed by the cube. (06 Marks)
- b. A vector field is given by  $\vec{A} = 30e^{-r} \hat{a}_r - 2z \hat{a}_z$ , verify the divergence theorem for the volume enclosed by  $r = 2$ ,  $z = 0$  and  $z = 5$ . (08 Marks)
- c. Determine the electric field intensity everywhere due to a spherical volume charge of density,  $\rho_v \text{ C/m}^3$  using Gauss's law. Also, sketch E as a function of distance. (06 Marks)
- 4 a. Calculate the work done in moving a  $4\text{C}$  charge from  $B(1, 0, 0)$  to  $A(0, 2, 0)$  along the path  $y = 2 - 2x$ ,  $z = 0$  in the field  $\vec{E} = 5x \hat{a}_x + 5y \hat{a}_y, \text{V/m}$ . (07 Marks)
- b. State and explain the continuity equation of current. Also, mention its physical significance. (08 Marks)
- c. Given the potential field,  $V = 2x^2y - 5z$  and a point  $P(-4, 3, 6)$ , find the numerical values of the following quantities at point, P : i) Electric potential ii) Electric field intensity  $\vec{E}$  iii) the direction of  $\vec{E}$  iv) electric flux density,  $\vec{D}$  v) volume charge density  $\rho_v$ . (05 Marks)
- 5 a. Using the Laplace's equation, derive an expression for capacitance per unit length of a coaxial cable using the following boundary conditions :  
 $V = V_0$  at  $r = a$ , and  $V = 0$  at  $r = b$ ,  $b > a$ . (08 Marks)
- b. Determine  $\vec{H}$  at  $(0.4, 0.3, 0)$  in the field of  $8\text{A}$  filamentary current directed inward from infinity to the origin on the positive x-axis and then outward to infinity along the y-axis. (08 Marks)
- c. State and explain the Stoke's theorem. (04 Marks)

- 6 a. Given the potential field  $V = (Ar^4 + Br^{-4}) \sin(4\phi)$ , show that  $\nabla^2 V = 0$ . Also find A and B such that  $V = 100$  volts and  $|\vec{E}| = 500\text{V/m}$  at  $p(1, 22.5^\circ, 2)$ . (07 Marks)
- b. Evaluate both sides of the Stoke's theorem for the field,  $\vec{H} = 6xy\hat{a}_x - 3y^2\hat{a}_y$ , A/m and the rectangular path around the region  $2 \leq x \leq 5, -1 \leq y \leq 1, z = 0$ . Let the positive direction of  $d\vec{S}$  be  $\hat{a}_z$ . (07 Marks)
- c. State the following and write the corresponding equations :  
Biot Savart law, Ampere's law and Curl  $\vec{F}$ . (06 Marks)
- 7 a. Derive an expression for the force acting between two differential current elements. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the magnetization in a wire where i)  $\mu = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}\text{H/m}$ , and  $H = 120\text{A/m}$   
ii)  $\mu_r = 22$ , there are  $8.3 \times 10^{28}$  atoms/ $\text{m}^3$  and each atom has a dipole moment of  $4.5 \times 10^{-27}\text{A}\cdot\text{m}^2$  iii)  $\beta = 300\mu\text{T}$  and  $\Psi_m = 15$ . (08 Marks)
- c. A conducting filamentary triangle joins points A(3, 1, 1), B(5, 4, 2) and C(1, 2, 4). The segment AB carries a current of 0.2A in  $\hat{a}_{AB}$  direction. The magnetic field is  
 $\vec{B} = 0.2\hat{a}_x - 0.1\hat{a}_y + 0.3\hat{a}_z$  T.  
i) Find the force on segment BC  
ii) The torque on the loop about an origin at 'A'  
iii) The torque on the loop about an origin at 'C'. (08 Marks)
- 8 a. Obtain the torque on a square loop having the corners  $(-2, -2, 0)$ ,  $(2, -2, 0)$ ,  $(2, 2, 0)$  and  $(-2, 2, 0)$ :  
i) About the origin by  $\vec{B} = 0.4\hat{a}_x$  T;  
ii) About the origin by  $\vec{B} = 0.6\hat{a}_x - 0.4\hat{a}_y$  T and  
iii) About  $(4, 6, 8)$  by  $\vec{B} = 0.4\hat{a}_x + 0.6\hat{a}_y - 0.7\hat{a}_z$  T. Take  $I = 0.8\text{A}$ . (08 Marks)
- b. Determine the boundary conditions for the magnetic field at the interface between two different magnetic materials. (06 Marks)
- c. Derive the Maxwell's equation from Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction. (06 Marks)
- 9 a. Let  $\mu = 10^{-5}\text{H/m}$ ,  $\epsilon = 4 \times 10^{-9}\text{F/m}$ ,  $\sigma = 0$  and  $\rho_v = 0$ . Determine 'K' so that each of the following pair of fields satisfies Maxwell's equation :  
i)  $\vec{D} = 2x\hat{a}_x - 3y\hat{a}_y + 4z\hat{a}_z$  nC/ $\text{m}^2$ ,  $\vec{H} = Kx\hat{a}_x + 10y\hat{a}_y - 25z\hat{a}_z$  A/m  
ii)  $\vec{E} = (20y - kt)\hat{a}_x$  V/m,  $\vec{H} = (y + 2 \times 10^6 t)\hat{a}_z$  A/m. (08 Marks)
- b. Explain the wave propagation in good conductors using the skin depth. (06 Marks)
- c. For a perfect dielectric medium,  $\mu_r = 1$  and  $\epsilon_r = 81$  at  $f = 1\text{MHz}$ . Determine attenuation constant, phase constant, propagation constant, wave length, phase velocity and intrinsic impedance for the medium. (06 Marks)
- 10 a. In a certain dielectric medium,  $\epsilon_r = 5$ ,  $\sigma = 0$  and displacement current density.  
 $\vec{J}_d = 20\cos(1.5 \times 10^8 t - \beta x)\hat{a}_y$   $\mu\text{A}/\text{m}^2$ . Determine the electric flux density and electric field intensity. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the propagation of electromagnetic waves in free space. (08 Marks)
- c. State and prove Poynting theorem. (06 Marks)

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